

Seven Scenarios for HH PPS Claim Submission

In today's world, billing frequency is not regulated, and in any sixty days, HHAs would submit claims (UB-92) **monthly for each beneficiary:**

Claim

End Month 1

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for End Month 1. The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

Claim

End Month 2

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for End Month 2. The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

O

Weekly:

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 1 (W1). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W1

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 2 (W2). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W2

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 3 (W3). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W3

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 4 (W4). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W4

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 5 (W5). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W5

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 6 (W6). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W6

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 7 (W7). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W7

A diagram of a UB-92 claim form for Week 8 (W8). The form is a grid with various sections for patient information, dates, and services. The top section is shaded, and the bottom section is also shaded. The middle section contains a grid for services.

W8

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{3}{4}$

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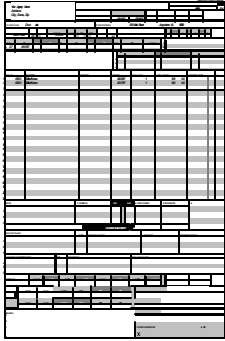
$\frac{3}{4}$

or even more frequently. More frequent billing was usually driven by the need to assure cash flow. Payment was based on the services represented on each claim.

Under HH PPS, there will be several different billing scenarios, but, since the final rule allows one significant percentage payment for a 60-day episode to be made on a Request for Anticipated Payment (RAP), even though few services may have been delivered, cash flow concerns will not be the same. [NOTE: the remainder of the episode payment will be made with the claim for the episode, submitted at the end of the episode]. HH PPS billing patterns expected are:

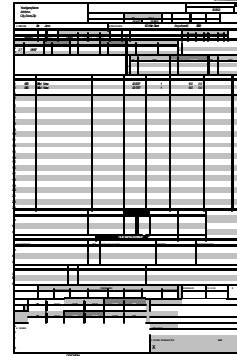
1. One 60-Day Episode, No Continuous Care (Patient Discharged):

RAP



O

Claim



Contains one **HIPPS Code** and **Claim-OASIS Matching Key** output from **Grouper** software linked to **OASIS**

Does not give any **line-item detail** for Medicare use as primary payer
(can carry charges on lines not used by Medicare)

From and **Through Dates** match, date of first service delivered

Creates **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers initial percentage payment

Submitted after discharge or 60 days with
Patient Status Code 01

Contains same **HIPPS Code** as RAP

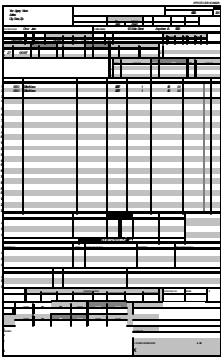
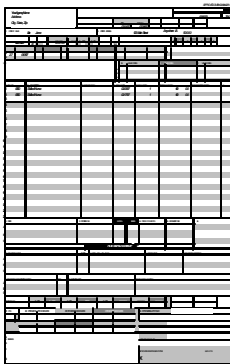
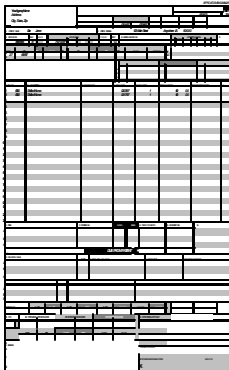
Gives **all line-item detail** for the entire **HH Episode**

From Date same as RAP,
Through Date Discharge or Day 60

Closes **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers final percentage payment for 60-day episode

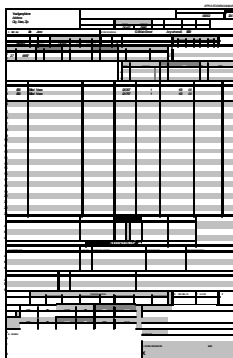
2. Initial Episode in Period of Continuous Care:

FIRST EPISODE:-----		NEXT EPISODE(s)---:
RAP	Claim	RAP(s) & Claim(s)
		
<p>Contains one HIPPS Code and Claim-OASIS Matching Key output from Grouper software linked to OASIS</p> <p>Does not give any other line-item detail for Medicare use</p> <p>From and Through Dates match first service delivered of Episode</p> <p>Creates HH Episode in HIQH Inquiry System</p> <p>Triggers initial percentage payment</p>	<p><i>Submitted after 60 days with Patient Status Code 30</i></p> <p>Contains same HIPPS Code as RAP, and gives all line-item detail for all the HH Episode</p> <p>From Date same as RAP, Through Date , Day 60</p> <p>Closes HH Episode in HIQH Inquiry System</p> <p>Triggers final percentage payment for 60-day Episode</p>	<p>Unlike previous RAP in period, Admission Date will be the same as that on the first RAP of the period, and will stay the same on RAPs and claims throughout the period of continuous care</p> <p>From and Through Dates, RAP claims, are first day of Episode, w/ or w/o service (i.e., Day 61, 121, etc.)</p> <p>Creates or closes HH Episode(s)</p> <p>Triggers payment(s)</p>

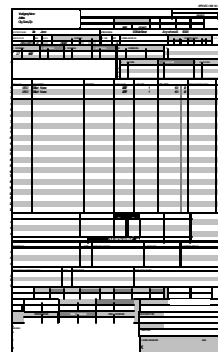
- C These two scenarios (1. and 2. above) are expected to encompass most episode billings
- C For RAPs, Source of Admission Code “B” is used to receive transfers from other agencies, “C” if readmission to same agency after discharge
- C There is no number limit on medically-necessary episodes in continuous care periods

3. A Single LUPA Episode:

RAP



Claim



O

Contains one **HIPPS Code** and **Claim-OASIS Matching Key** output from **Grouper** software linked to **OASIS**

Does not give any other **line-item detail** for Medicare use

From and **Through Dates** match, first service delivered

Creates **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers initial percentage **payment**

Submitted after discharge or 60 days with Patient Status Code 01

Contains same **HIPPS Code** as RAP,
Gives **all line-item detail** for the entire **HH Episode**-- line item detail will not show more than 4 visit for the entire episode

From Date same as RAP,
Through Date Discharge or Day 60

Closes **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers final percentage **payment** for 60-day episode

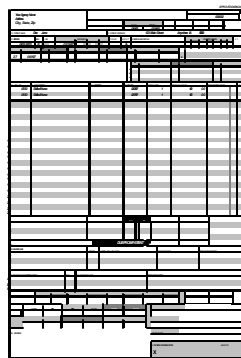
C Though less likely, a LUPA can also occur in a period of continuous care (*scenario not illustrated*)

C While also less likely, a LUPA, though never pro-rated, can also be part of a shortened episode (*see PEP Episodes, below*) or an episode in which the patient condition changes (*see SCIC Episode, below*)-- *these less likely scenarios are not illustrated*

4. “No-RAP” LUPA Episode:

Claim

O



When a home health agency (HHA) knows from the outset that an episode will be 4 visits or less, the agency may choose to bill only a claim for the episode. (Note claims characteristics are the same as the LUPA final claim on the previous page.)

PROs:

Will not get large episode percentage payment up-front for LUPA that will be reimbursed on a visit basis (overpayment concern, but new payment system will recoup such “overpayments” automatically against future payments)

Less paperwork

CONs:

No episode record is created in the Inquiry System, therefore beneficiary is not linked to the HHA providing services UNTIL a claim is received

No payment until claim is processed

5. Episode with a PEP Adjustment-- Transfer to Another Agency OR
Discharge-Known Readmission to Same Agency:

RAP

Claim

O

Contains one **HIPPS Code** and **Claim-OASIS Matching Key** output from **Grouper** software linked to **OASIS**

Does not contain other **line-item detail** for Medicare use

From and **Through Dates** match, first service delivered

Creates **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers initial percentage **payment**

Submitted after discharge
w/Patient Status Code 06

Contains same **HIPPS Code** as RAP, and gives **all line-item detail** for all the **HH Episode**

From Date same as RAP, **Through Date** is discharge

Closes **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System** at date of discharge, not 60 days

Triggers final percentage **payment**, and total payment for the episode will be cut back proportionately (x/60) to the number of days of the shortened episode

- C **Known Readmission:** agency has found after discharge the patient will be re-admitted in the same 60-day episode ("transfer to self"-- new episode) before final claim submitted
- C The next episode presumably would be billed as either Scenario 1. or 2. above
- C A PEP can also occur in a period of otherwise continuous care (*scenario not illustrated*)
- C A PEP episode can contain a change in patient condition (*see SCIC Episode, below*)-- *this scenario is not illustrated*

6. **Episode with a PEP Adjustment-- Discharge and “Unknown” Re-Admit, Continuous Care:**

FIRST EPISODE-----| START OF NEXT EPISODE:-

RAP

Claim

RAP



Contains one **HIPPS Code** and **Claim-OASIS Matching**
Key output from **Grouper** software linked to **OASIS**

Submitted after discharge or 60 days w/Patient Status Code 01
--agency submitted claim before the patient was re-admitted in the same 60-day Episode

Unlike previous RAP in period,
Admission Date will be the same as that on the the period, and will stay the same on RAPs and claims throughout the period of continuous care

Does not contain other line-item detail for Medicare use

Contains same **HIPPS Code** as RAP, and gives all line-item detail for all the **HH Episode**

Contains **Source of Admission Code “C”** to indicate patient re-admitted in same 60 days that would have been in previous Episode, but now new episode will begin and previous episode automatically shortened

Creates **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Closes **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System** 60 days initially, and then revised to less than 60 days after next RAP received

From and Through Dates, RAP first HH Episode day, w/ or w/o service (i.e., Day 61)

From and Through Dates match first service delivered

From Date same as RAP, **Through Date** Discharge or Day 60 of Episode

Triggers initial percentage **payment**

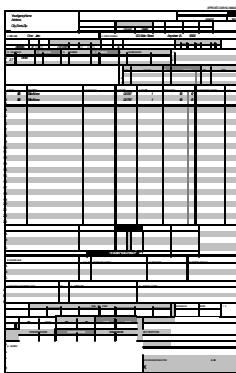
Triggers final percentage **payment**, may be total payment for the Episode at first, but will be cut back proportionately (x/60) to the number of days of the shortened episode when next billing received

Opens next **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers initial **payment** for new HH Episode

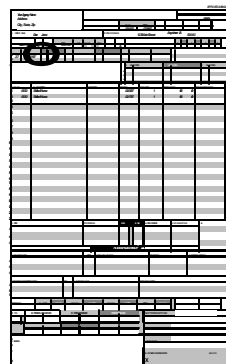
7. Episode with a SCIC Adjustment

RAP



O

Claim



Contains one **HIPPS Code** and **Claim-OASIS Matching Key** output from **Grouper** software linked to **OASIS**

Does not contain **other line-item** detail for Medicare use

From and **Through Dates** match, first service delivered

Creates **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers initial percentage **payment**

Submitted after discharge with Patient Status Code as appropriate (01, 30, etc.)

Carries **Matching Key** and diagnoses consistent w/**last** **OASIS** assessment

Contains same **HIPPS Code** as RAP, additional HIPPS output every time patient reassessed because of change in condition, and gives **all line-item** detail for all the **HH Episode**

From Date same as RAP, **Through Date** Discharge or Day 60

Closes **HH Episode** in **HIQH Inquiry System**

Triggers final percentage **payment**

FOR ASSISTANCE WITH ACRONYMS, use the acronym chart attached to the quick reference tables.